Lame delegation status report

DNS Operations SIG APNIC 210 2006, Perth



History of Proposal (from AMM16/17)

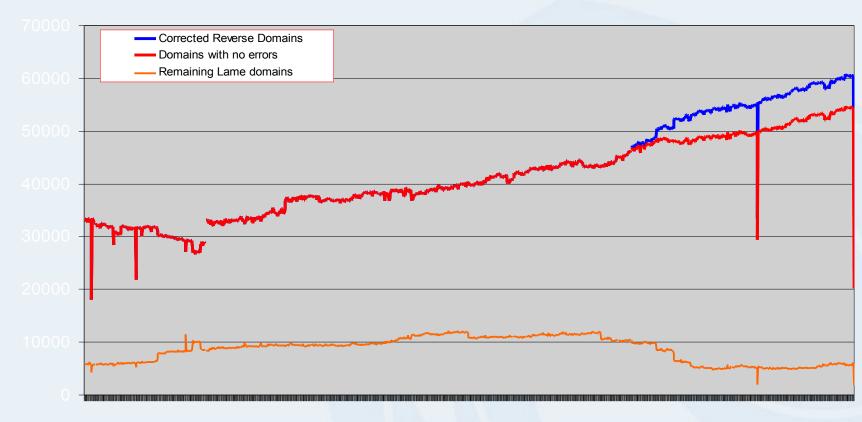
- Identify potential lameness
 - -two points of test, AU & JP
- Test the DNS reverse delegation
 - 15 day test period
- Attempt to notify the domain holder
 - -45 day notice period
- Disable lame DNS reverse delegation
 - If not corrected at end of notice period



Policy Implementation

- First contact emails sent on 23/11/2004
 - Due diligence delay
 - Make sure contact is warranted and appropriate
- First ticket (tracking) created 23/11/2004
 - First ticket resolved with nameservers fixed 30/11/2004 (7 days later)
- First lame name servers undelegated 08/01/2005

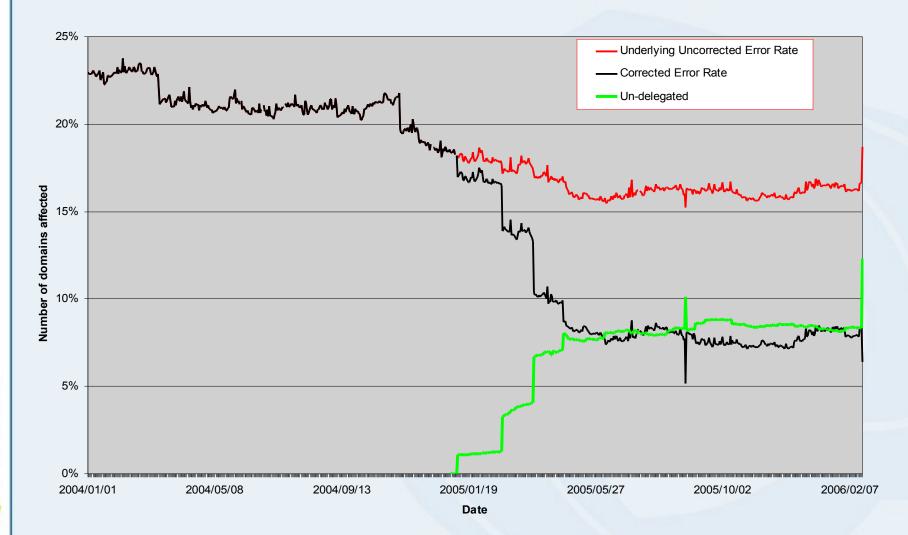
Status as of Feb 20, 2006







Policy effectiveness



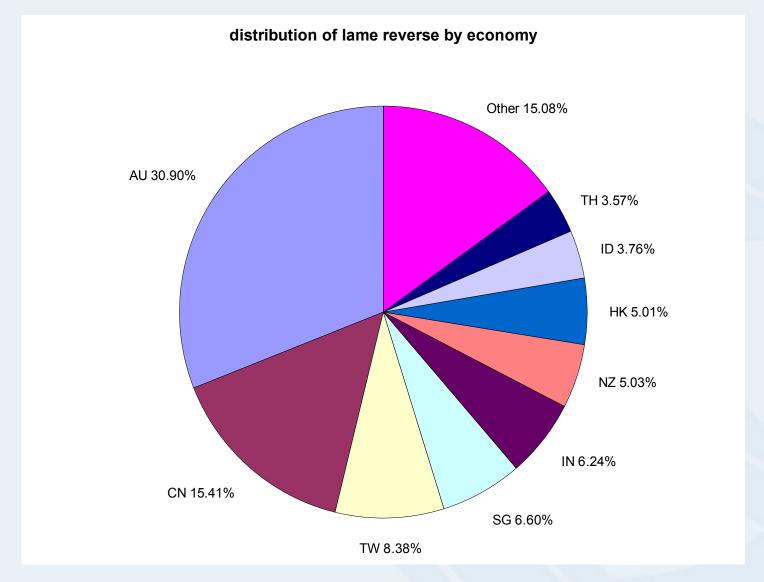


Key points

- Reduction in lame percentage
 - 18.66% on 01/08/04
 - 16.34% on 15/02/05
 - Only admins with <5 lame domains contacted
 - 8% on 25/08/05
 - After process established for >5 lame admin
 - Semi-constant thereafter.
- Ongoing process
 - Time to affect a change for any newly lame domain is 60 days
 - APNIC continually monitoring
 - IPv6 yet to be included
- 16% Base (uncorrected) lameness remains
 - Communications/training/support issue



Lameness by Economy





Next Steps?

- Policy appears to have achieved its maximum effect
 - Time to consider additional activity
- APNIC Hosted secondary DNS services:
 - Hosted on reliable, managed servers
 - Potential choices of HK, JP, AU, USA
 - Depends on improvements in DNS provisioning
 - Need automated processes to configure
 - New MyAPNIC facilty, DNS mgt framework
 - Current DNS activities will underpin
 - XML/REST architecture work (see following presentation)



Questions?

