



Address Policy SIG
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The Current Issues in IPv6 Policy

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Agenda

1. Introduction
2. Issues Categorized
 - Allocation Criteria
 - Other Resource Services
 - Special Cases
 - Wording Problems
3. Summary

Introduction

This presentation introduces the current issues in IPv6 policy.

It is intended to
have discussions within the community

It does not intend to
propose a particular solution
seek consensus for the issues introduced

Background

- The current IPv6 Policy was implemented in July 2002
- Discussions on the policy review
 - Global Community
 - Global IPv6 ML
 - Japanese Community
 - LIR Meetings, JPNIC Open Policy Meeting(JPOPM)
 - Questionnaire to LIRs in Japan

Summary of the Issues

- JPNIC has summarized the issues based on the sources listed
- The list of the issues submitted to the global IPv6 policy editorial team
 - For the issue management

Issues Categorized

Categorized the Issues as follows:

1. Allocation Criteria
2. Other Resource Services Related Criteria
3. Special Cases
4. Wording Problems

Allocation Criteria

Two types of comments:

1. The criteria itself should be reviewed
 - 200*/48 criteria in initial alloc
 - Utilization by HD Ratio in subsequent alloc
2. The figures in the criteria should be reviewed
 - “200” or “2” years in initial alloc
 - The value “0.8” in subsequent alloc

Specific Cases

Only comments on the initial alloc criteria are specific enough

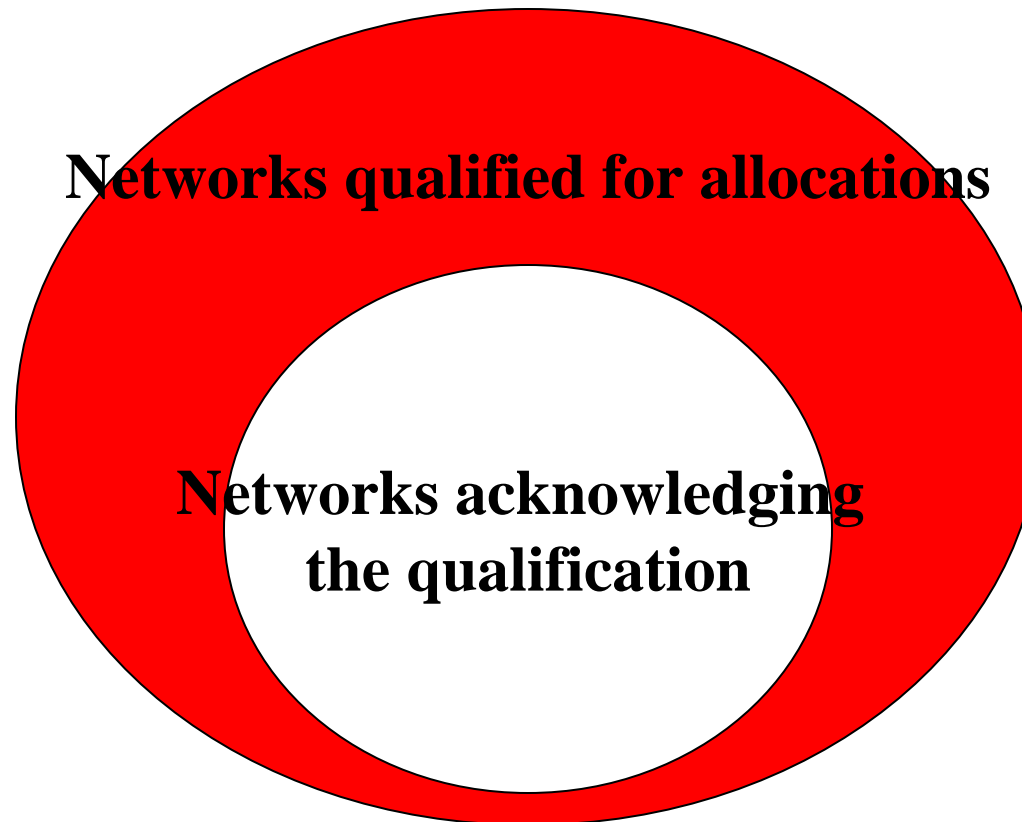
- Psychological Barrier
 - Comments from the global & JP community
- Criteria based on the no. of customers
 - A comment from an LIR in JPOPM

Intention of the Policy

Allow allocations to ISPs substantial in size

- 200*/48 as a measure to judge the scale of NWs
- Most LIRs transferring to IPv6 should be qualified

Psychological Barrier



In Reality...

Some qualified networks refrain from allocs

- ISPs without customer assignments
 - Difficult for mobile phone, CATV, xDSL service providers to meet 200*/48 criteria
- Fear of not achieving the plan
 - What if unable to achieve from unexpected reasons?

Reasons for the Barrier

- Misunderstanding the intention
 - Can be resolved by supplementary info
 - Background & intention of the criteria
 - Examples of the qualified networks
 - Refer to “**Developing an IPv6 Policy Guidelines Document**” for details
- The criteria may not be appropriate to accommodate eligible networks
 - Need further discussions before conclusion
 - If so, review of the criteria is necessary in the long term

Alloc Criteria

Based on the No. of Customers

- ISPs without customer assignment can be evaluated by the no. of customers
 - Stating “most LIRs should be eligible” is not specific enough
 - Should have equal no. of customers as the minimum alloc size
- Should allow allocations to LIRs with equal no. of customers as the minimum alloc(4,096)
 - Only applies to those without customer assignments

Summary of Alloc Criteria

- Only comments regarding the initial alloc criteria are specific enough
 1. Psychological Barrier
 - Largely resolved by supplementary info
 - Review of the criteria necessary in the long term
 2. Alloc criteria based on the no. of customers
 - Further discussions necessary
- Others need more specific cases to start further discussions

Other Resource Services

- Second Opinion requests
 - Documentation not clear
 - Necessary to clarify in the future, but no urgent needs
- Reverse DNS delegations
 - Too much burden on ISPs to delegate the zones
 - No urgent needs

Demands not specific enough

Special Cases

- Portable assignments
 - Not accommodated in IPv6 except critical infra NWs
- Allocations to transit providers
 - Can't reach 200*/48 but require independent address
- Closed networks
 - Not connected to the internet but require global addresses

Portable Assignments

- Multi-homed networks
 - Some networks are multi-homed from business aspects
 - Business critical networks such as online game, banking, must minimize the risk
 - Suggestions to allow portable address to networks with ASNs
 - A few Positive comments in JPOPM
- Large multi-national enterprises
 - Networks across the regions with a single routing policy
 - Can't receive allocations even meeting 200*/48 as non-LIRs

Portable Assignments

- Consider balance between requirements & the routing table
- Allocations should not be restricted to LIRs instead of portable assignments?
 - A few comments in JPOPM
- Need further discussions for both cases

Allocations for Transit Providers

- Can't reach 200*/48 but can't receive allocations as they are the upstream
- No strong needs in Japan
 - In other countries?

Need further discussions

Closed Networks

- May connect in the future but no specific plan
 - Common in Japan to test with private IPv6 NWs before establishing the global connection
- Globally unique address for large intra-networks
 - Networks managed by different entities intra-connected
 - Must avoid duplicate address
 - There is a specific case in Japan

Specific Needs are quite clear, but need further discussions

Summary of Special Cases

All cases need further discussions

- Demands exit in Japan
 - Portable assignments for multi-homed NWs
 - Address for closed networks
- No strong demands in Japan
 - Allocations for transit networks
- In other countries...?

Wording Problems

- Helpful to describe unless intentionally removed
 - Address transfers
 - Address returns
- Typos
 - Minor typo reported to the editorial team

Time Frame and Priorities

- Difficult to address all issues at once, so categorized them
 - The time frame for the issues to be addressed
 - Priorities
- The list submitted to the editorial team

Summary

All issues need further discussions

- Substantially Specific Issues
 - Initial allocation criteria
 - Special Cases(portable assignments,closed networks)
- Issues not specific enough
 - Subsequent alloc, figures in alloc criteria
 - Documentation for second opinion
 - Reverse DNS delegations
- Wording problems can be addressed by the editorial team

References

1. IPv6 Address Allocation and Assignment Policy
<http://www.apnic.net/docs/policy/ipv6-address-policy.html>
2. Summary of Comments in the Global IPv6 ML
3. The list of IPv6 Policy Issues
4. Developing an IPv6 guidelines document

Q&A

